



Since NOM<sub>1</sub> (qua specifier of the occupant of Spec,TP) is not itself in a relationship with T<sup>0</sup>, this accounts for the fact that NOM<sub>1</sub> in the sentences under discussion never controls agreement. This is shown in (6), where NOM<sub>1</sub> is plural and NOM<sub>2</sub> is masculine:

(6) a. *Moi kazni egipetskie – èto byl/\*byli/\*bylo Petja.*  
 my plagues Egyptian this was.M/were/was.N Petja.NOM  
 ‘My plagues of Egypt (i.e. my bane), that was Petja.’

b. [TP [DP [*Moi Kazni Egipetskie*]<sub>i</sub> [D' [D<sup>0</sup> *èto*] [NP *pro*]]]<sub>k</sub> [T' *byl* [SC [*Petja*] [R' R<sup>0</sup> t<sub>k</sub>]]]]]

Similarly to the ‘big DPs’ identified for the Romance languages (Torrego 1992, Uriagereka 1995, 2005, a.o.), formed by a referential nominal phrase in Spec,DP and a clitic in D<sup>0</sup>, the complement of D<sup>0</sup> in Russian ‘big DPs’, *pro*, must always be silent. The *pro* must be licensed by being in a local relationship with a structurally present, non-elliptical (though not necessarily overt) finite T<sup>0</sup>, which explains the limited distribution of the [NOM<sub>1</sub> *èto*] unit (in particular, its unavailability in e.g. fragment answers and coordinate structures).

5 The fact that [NOM<sub>1</sub> *èto*] can be a constituent occupying Spec,TP correctly predicts that ‘NOM<sub>1</sub> *èto* NOM<sub>2</sub>’ can readily be embedded under non-bridge predicates, as in (7). The grammaticality of (7) is an insurmountable problem for accounts of ‘NOM<sub>1</sub> *èto* NOM<sub>2</sub>’ constructions that treat NOM<sub>1</sub> exclusively as a hanging topic.

(7) *Udivitel'no, èto železnyj čelovek – èto Toni.*  
 surprising that iron man.NOM this Tony.NOM  
 ‘It is surprising that Iron Man is Tony.’

The fact that [NOM<sub>1</sub> *èto*] can (and in embedded contexts *must*) be a constituent raised to Spec,TP also provides an explanation for the ungrammaticality of (8a) with *èto*: the question particle *li* cannot break into the [NOM<sub>1</sub> *èto*] unit; moving NOM<sub>1</sub> to Spec,CP via subextraction out of this unit is a violation of criterial freezing. The ungrammaticality of *èto* in *wh*-questions such as (8b) also follows: here NOM<sub>1</sub> (*kto*) can neither be a hanging topic (for information-structural reasons) nor be raised to Spec,CP via subextraction from [NOM<sub>1</sub> *èto*] in Spec,TP (because of freezing).

(8) a. *Mama sprosila železnyj čelovek li (\*èto) Toni.*  
 Mum asked iron man.NOM Q this Tony.NOM  
 ‘Mum asked whether the Iron Man was Tony.’

b. *Kto (\*èto) Toni?*  
 who.NOM this Tony.NOM  
 ‘Who’s Tony?’

6 In other contexts the ‘big DP’ may be an argument, like any other DP; this is not precluded by the analysis. In (9a), the big DP serves as the subject of *prijatno* ‘nice’, with *èto* in D<sup>0</sup> and the subordinate clause in Spec,DP. The CP can alternatively be ‘extraposed’, with *èto* as a proleptic pronoun (9b). Here, the CP binds the *pro* in the complement of D<sup>0</sup> from its surface clause-final position and establishes the interpretive link between CP and the matrix clause subject thereby.

(9) a. *Čto my guljaem v parke, èto prijatno.*  
 that we walk in park this nice  
 [DP [CP *čto my guljaem v parke*] [D' D<sup>0</sup>=*èto* [*pro*]]]

b. *Èto prijatno, èto my guljaem v parke.*  
 this nice that we walk in park  
 [DP [D' D<sup>0</sup>=*èto* [*pro*]]] [CP *čto my guljaem v parke*]  
 both: ‘It’s nice that we’re walking in the park.’

7 Though in the ‘big DP’ analysis the *èto* of ‘NOM<sub>1</sub> *èto* NOM<sub>2</sub>’ constructions is a D<sup>0</sup>, not a Top<sup>0</sup> (as in e.g. Markman 2007), there is an important parallel between the construal of *èto* in ‘NOM<sub>1</sub> *èto* NOM<sub>2</sub>’ constructions and the function of *èto* as a Top-head: in both, *èto* is a functional head mediating a relationship between two terms that are in a semantic co-construal relationship (NOM<sub>1</sub> and *pro* in the former, and the topic and the comment in the latter). This establishes a fundamental parallel between these two approaches to *èto* that have generally been viewed as irreconcilable.

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